right edge of the field. with a surfaced track continue ahead, now on the though it soon curves away to the left. At a junction the edge of this field initially next to the river, continue on a path that leads into a field. Follow Darent Valley Path) onto a drive and at its end ATurn left by the mill stream (signposted as the

on the fire and the history of the mill. interpretation board here contains more information road. The mill was destroyed by fire in 1924 – an This stream used to serve a mill to the north of the

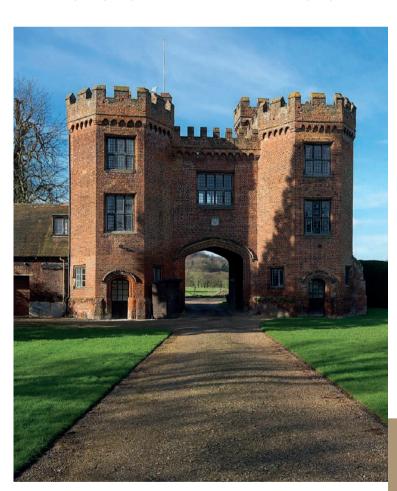
higher level. Further along there is a second stream crossing at a over the river where it becomes the High Street. • Turn left and follow the road down to the bridge

the Recreation Ground in the village centre. sun and the inner planets can be found at the back of Pilgrims Way West a little further on in the walk. The millennium. Look out for Uranus on the north side of to their position relative to the sun at the time of the the planets are scattered around the village according System. The Solar System is a scale model in which planet Neptune which forms part of the Otford Solar The small globe on top of the plinth represents the

for a concrete plinth just in front of a garden hedge. roads. Shortly before a T junction, look on the left keeping straight on at junctions with residential S On the far side, follow the lane into Otford village

particularly looking northwest. North Downs at the entrance to the Darent Valley gap, This is a good spot to pause and take in the views of the

bridge over the railway. on the right. Turn right at a path junction by a of the next two fields with the railway in a cutting far side going up a slope and follow the boundary under the M26 motorway. Continue ahead on the



14 Continue along Lullingstone Lane, which is also the Darent Valley Path, and after 800 metres, pass Lullingstone Roman Villa. Take extra care along this section of the walk as there is no pavement along the road.

Lullingstone Roman Villa is among the most outstanding Roman villa survivals in Britain. The villa was begun in about AD 100 and developed to suit the tastes and beliefs of successive wealthy owners, reaching its peak of luxury in the mid-4th century. Visitors to the villa today can still view the spectacular mosaics and prints of the rare wall paintings, a heated bath-suite and a 'house-church'.

(B) Continue along the lane, underneath a viaduct.

the railway. Fork right on the far side and then go park. Follow the path across a field and then under to a footpath on the left opposite a mobile home Purn right and follow the lane for about 400 metres

land to the east, eventually reaching a road. and residential development to the west and open Otford). The track continues between commercial to northbound (the river is not seen again until changes direction at the reserve from eastbound bridge over an inlet crosses the River Darent which along the western boundary of the reserve. A leads across the field and then onto a track running entrance on the right at the far end of a field. This Back on the main route follow the A25 to an

bird hides, walking trails and picnic area. Entry is free. wagtail. Facilities include a visitor centre, shop, café, and other birds like reed bunting, kingfisher and grey as common sandpiper, lapwing and greenshank out for wading birds on the muddy lake edges such in the five lakes, ponds and woodland habitats. Look and other wildlife as well as fungi and plants, thrive purpose of nature conservation. Birds, dragonflies example of a gravel pit site being developed for the Wildlife Trust, the 73 hectare reserve was the first (SSSI), home to over 2,000 species. Managed by Kent nature reserve and a Site of Special Scientific Interest Sevenoaks Wildlife Reserve is a nationally important

entrance on the left. turning right and walking a short distance to the is possible to the Sevenoaks Wildlife Reserve by with care. The main route turns left but a diversion the path emerges onto the A25. Cross the road crossing a road on the way. Beyond the last lake, S Follow the path keeping to the right of the lakes,

eighteenth century by the owner of nearby Bradbourne by small waterfalls that were first laid out in the Council, form a series of ornamental lakes linked Bradbourne Lakes, owned by Sevenoaks District

Eynsford Viaduct, with its impressive nine brick arches rising 75 feet (23 metres) above the valley floor, was built between 1859 and 1862 by the Sevenoaks Railway Company. It is a Grade II listed building and is still used by the London to Sevenoaks line and beyond.

6 At the junction with Sparepenny Lane, continue straight ahead along the riverside area to the ford and humpback bridge over the River Darent.

Eynsford Bridge is a well-preserved example of a multispan bridge dating from at least the 17th century, built to allow pedestrians and packhorses to cross the river.

To Carefully cross over the bridge, then at the junction with the main road (A225), cross over and turn right. Eynsford station will be on your left-hand side after about 700 metres.



ne Darent Valley Landscape Partnership Scheme OVLPS is led by the Kent Downs AONB, working

area's rich heritage landscapes and encourage people to enjoy, explore and connect to them www.darent-valley.org.uk

Valley Trails app, available free of charge on the App Store and Google Play. With special thanks to Alan Dyer for devising













on the left gives access to Bradbourne Lakes. emerge onto Lambarde Road. Turn right and a gate over the railway and continue on a footpath to Clockhouse Lane, an unmade road. Turn here, cross climbing gently to the junction on the left with Road, passing a modern multi storey car park, and Valley Path signs. Fork left onto Bradbourne Park right onto Hitchen Hatch Lane. Follow the Darent pelican crossing, turn left and then immediately out to London Road. Cross the road using the 1 Leave Sevenoaks station by the main exit and walk

and Offord solar system

 Pass Lullingstone Castle, Lullingstone Roman Villa Valley Path

Enjoy riverside walking along the Darent

lierT ramle9 laume2 adt bne

- Visit the beautiful riverside village of Shoreham
- Downs with views of the Downs on both sides

VaW adT nO

OS Explorer map: 147

What3Words: ///hands.unit.help

Country Park and in the villages stations, Sevenoaks Wildlife Reserve, Lullingstone Toilets/refreshments: During opening hours at

this walk

Accessibility: There are some steps and gates along

crossings. This trail follows the Darent Valley Path but the majority is countryside tracks. Some road Terrain: Some pavements and hard surfaced paths

Length: 8.5 miles / 13.6km

End point: Eynsford station Start point: Sevenoaks station

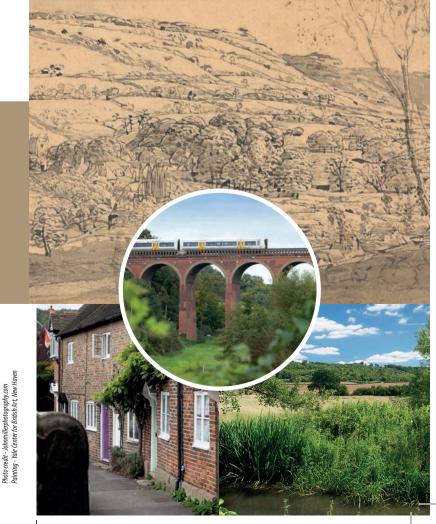
Darent Valley Rail Trails

WALK 15

SEVENOAKS/EYNSFORD

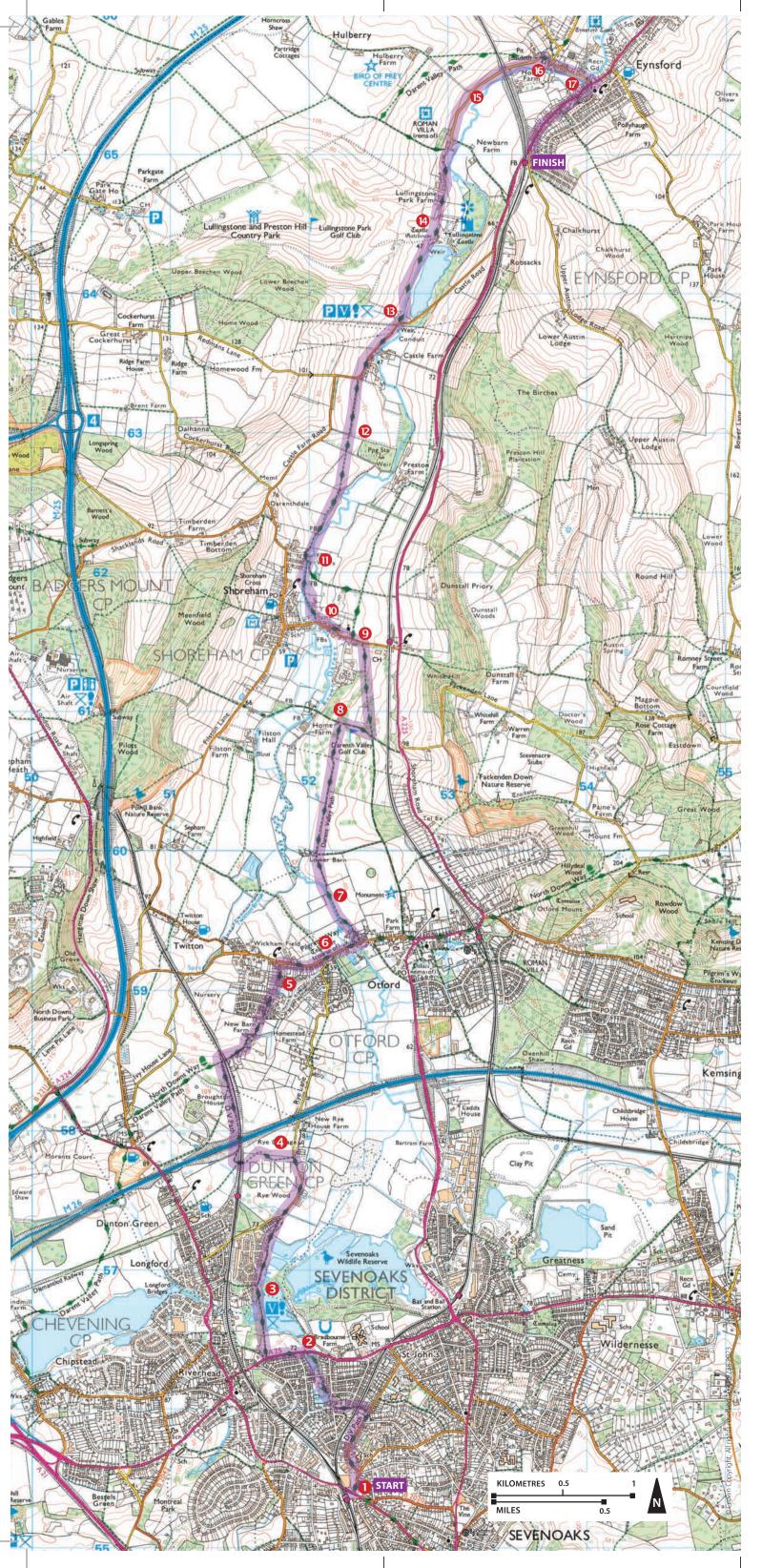
Along the Valley Floor

This 8.5 mile walk explores the Darent Valley from the valley floor, hugging the River Darent for much of the route and discovering villages, stunning heritage and Samuel Palmer along the way.





Co-financed by the European Union and the European Regional Development Fund



There are more good views here looking west across the valley to the Downs. Much of the valley side is wooded but a more open patch straight ahead is Polhill Bank, while on the opposite side of the valley is Fackenden Down. Both are Kent Wildlife Trust Nature Reserves protecting chalkland habitat and are accessible on foot.

- **8** At the far end of the field, join an enclosed path with the Darenth Valley Golf Course now on the right. The path ends at a surfaced lane. Turn right and head uphill to the next path junction. Turn left here on a path that skirts around the edge of a cricket ground and then a little further on, crosses a fairway of the golf course before eventually reaching a road.
- Turn left and head downhill into Shoreham then after 50 metres, turn right to continue along the Darent Valley Path. Turn left through the timber gate into the churchyard with an avenue of yew

The Grade 1 listed Church of St Peter and St Paul is a largely medieval church with an outstanding late medieval timber-framed porch. The church also marks the start of the Samuel Palmer Trail.

One of Britain's most talented artists, Samuel Palmer lived in Shoreham and immortalised the beautiful landscape of the Darent Valley nearly 200 years ago. Walk in his footsteps on this 5.3 mile circular trail, experiencing the landscape through his eyes and ears on this self-guided audio visual trail (available on the free Darent Valley Trails app). You will pass stop points 1 – 8 on this Rail Trail so look out for the numbered waymark discs with QR codes to access the free audio information on your smartphone (if you don't have the app downloaded).

Deave the churchyard and continue ahead on the road which soon turns right to run alongside the river. When the road turns left to cross a bridge, continue ahead into Darenth Way following the Darent Valley Path.

The white-rendered Water House was the home to Samuel Palmer when he lived in Shoreham in the early nineteenth century.

- 1) The road turns into a drive then a path which follows the riverside to the northern edge of the village. Turn left at a path junction, cross the river and walk by a fence to the end of Mill Lane.
- The riverside path continues across the lane and passes the point where the mill stream rejoins the main river. Follow the path by the river and then along the right edge of fields. Just after the river briefly reappears on the right, bear left and cross two fields going over a slight rise, passing hop fields on your right just before reaching Redmans Lane. Carefully cross over the road and up the flight of steps along a permissive path with lavender fields to the left.

The lavender fields at Castle Farm form a sea of vibrant purple in the landscape during summer months, with pure lavender oil harvested and extracted for use in a variety of products.

B Return to the road opposite the entrance to the Country Park where there is a Visitor Centre, café and toilets. Continue alongside the riverside path, following the Darent Valley Path signs until you reach the Tudor gatehouse of Lullingstone Castle.

The present manor house and gatehouse were built in 1497 and both Henry VIII and Queen Anne were regular visitors. The silk farm established here in the 1930s provided silk for the late Queen Elizabeth II's coronation gown. The castle is also home to the World Garden of Plants based on the collections of plant hunter Tom Hart-Dyke. Hidden in the grounds, alongside the River Darent, are the notable heritage features of "Queen Anne's" Bath-house and an 18th century Ice House.